



Cybersecurity risk management – how to strengthen resilience and adapt in 2021

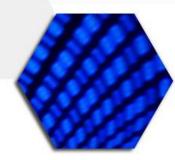
23rd November 2020, web-conference

Dr. Mirjam Fehling-Kaschek, Natalie Miller











RESISTO - This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 Research and Innovation Programme under Grant Agreement No786409



 Improve risk control and resilience of European current and future critical telecommunication infrastructures against physical, cyber and combined cyber-physical threats





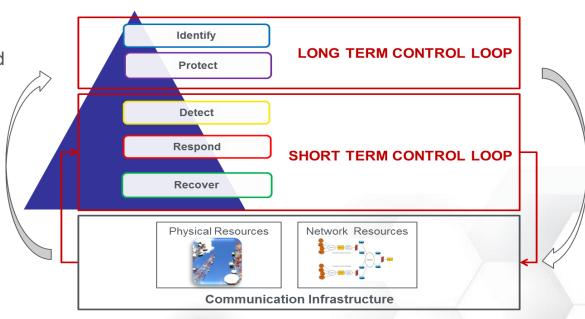








- Long term control loop
 - Periodic offline analysis
 - Determination of criticalities and long term strategies
- Short term control loop
 - Runtime component
 - Decision support system
- Knowledge base
 - Storage of data for both loops
 - Connection between the loops

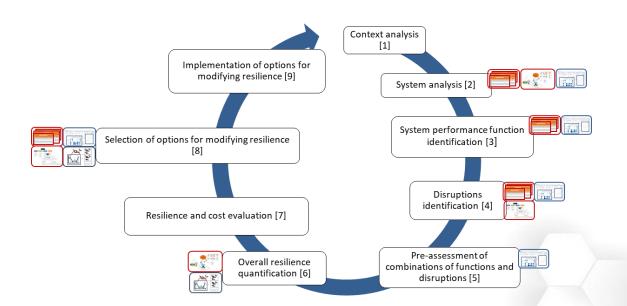






Risk and resilience management process:

- Extension of ISO-31000 for risk management
- Addition of steps relevant for resilience assessment
- RESISTO specifications for all steps



Input collection:



Extended threat list

- System components
- System functions
- Threats
- Mitigation options



Network representation

 Scheme of the testbed network for simulation



Testbed tools

 Results provided by operators (e.g. penetration tests, honey pots)

Supporting tools:



Shiny app

- Browse tables
- View correlations, e.g. critical combinations
- Threat ranking



Network simulators

- Resilience quantification
- Evaluate mitigation options

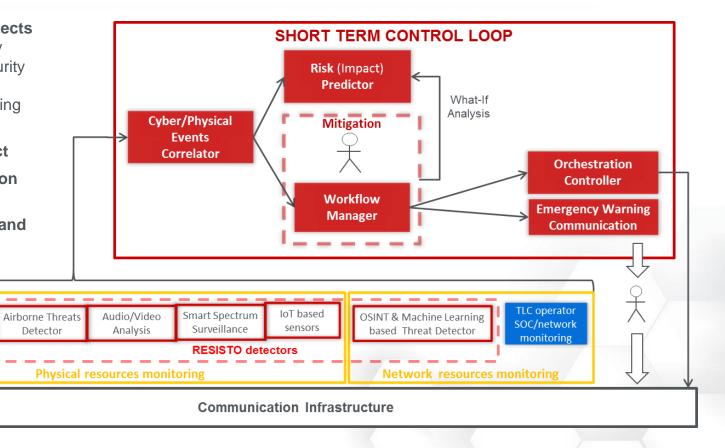


- collects and detects anomalies (early warnings on security attacks or events adversely impacting security)
- evaluates impact
- supports decision making
- drives reaction and mitigation

TLC operator

PSIM/physical

detectors

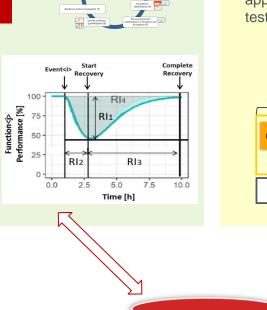


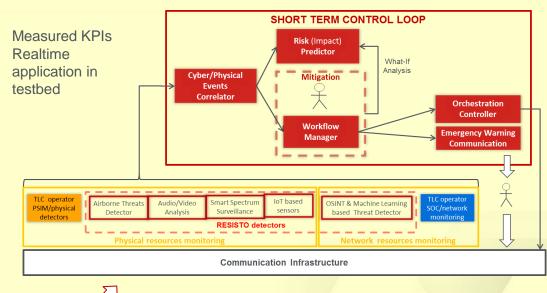


Long Term Control Loop

Risk and resilience management process The second of th

- Resilience quantification
- Performance loss
- Resilience indicators





Knowledge Base



End of Presentation